

**Q1. Who is referred to as the ‘Social Darwinist’?**

- (a) Henry Maine
  - (b) Dr. Allen
  - (c) Herbert Spencer
  - (d) Pound
- (a) John Austin
  - (b) Themes
  - (c) C. Morris
  - (d) Jerome Hall

**Q2. Which one of this is an example of law by metaphor?**

- (a) Laws of fashion
- (b) Laws of motion
- (c) Laws by god
- (d) Laws by political superior to political inferiors.

**Q3. Which one of the following is NOT a secondary rule of obligation given by Hart?**

- (a) Rules of Recognition
- (b) Rule of Change
- (c) Rules of adjudication
- (d) Rules by analogy

**Q4. Who devised the concept of ‘law-as-action’?**

**Q5. Who defined jurisprudence as the ‘study and systematic arrangement of the general principles of law’?**

- (a) Keeton
- (b) Allen
- (c) Pound
- (d) Jhering

**Q6. ‘The apostle of individualism was destined to become the founder of state socialism.’ The above statement by Dicey refers to:**

- (a) Austin
- (b) Bentham
- (c) Savigny
- (d) Maine

**Q7. Who said that law is the outcome of habits and traditions of people which they follow voluntarily as a member of the community?**

- (a) Lord Bryce
- (b) Vinogradoff
- (c) Savigny
- (d) Gustav Hugo

**Q8. Which one of the following is NOT a method used by progressive societies to develop laws according to Maine**

- (a) Legislation
- (b) Legal Fiction
- (c) Equity
- (d) Divine Law

**Q9. Who is considered to be a ‘forerunner’ of the comparative approach in the legal institutions of various communities to trace the evolution and development of law?**

- (a) Savigny

- (b) Ulpian
- (c) Edwards Jenks
- (d) Henry Maine

**Q10. Who said that ‘the centre of gravity of legal development in the present time or the past lies neither in juristic science nor in the judicial decisions of the courts, but the society in itself’?**

- (a) F. Geny
- (b) Pound
- (c) Ehrlich
- (d) Duguit

**Q11. Who coined the term “free scientific research”?**

- (a) Pound
- (b) Austin
- (c) Hart
- (d) Francois Geny

**Q12. Who classified interests into Private interests, public interests and social interests?**

- (a) James Bryce
- (b) R.H. Gill
- (c) Pound
- (d) John Locke

**Q13. Which one is considered as the latest branch of sociological jurisprudence?**

- (a) Historical School
- (b) Analytical School
- (c) Ethical School
- (d) Sociological School

**Q14. Which of them is not an exponent of Realist school?**

- (a) Allen
- (b) Kant
- (c) Immanuel
- (d) Hegel

**Q15. Who would you associate the “Doctrine of Autonomy of Will”?**

- (a) Gueist
- (b) Hegal

- (c) Fichte
- (d) Kant

**Q16. Animus Possendi means \_\_\_\_\_**

- (a) Animal
- (b) Power
- (c) Desire
- (d) None of the above

**Q17. Two great American Jurists are considered as the mental fathers of the Realist movement:**

- a) Austin and Salmond
- b) Gray and Holmes
- c) Hart and Kelsen
- d) Frank and Pound

**Q18. Who remarked the prominent motive in the protection of possession is probably a regard for the preservation of peace?**

- (a) Holland
- (b) Austin
- (c) Roscoe Pound

(d) Savigny

**Q19. Who wrote the Book titled "Introduction to Jurisprudence"?**

- a) Dias
- b) Holland
- c) Llyod
- d) Austin

**Q20. Who called the realist school as an improvised form of sociological school?**

- (a) Kant
- (b) Allen
- (c) Grotius
- (d) Kohler

**Q21. The international law owes its origin, development, validity to:**

- (a) Realist school
- (b) Analytical School
- (c) Historical School
- (d) Natural Law theory

**Q22. Who are the main advocates of the**

**Natural Law theory in the Medieval Period?**

- (a) Socrates and Plato
- (b) Aristotle and Cicero
- (c) Thomas Aquinas and St. Augustine
- (d) Hobbes and Locke

**Q23. The term "relative natural law" is related to:**

- (a) Stammler
- (b) Socrates
- (c) Hobbes
- (d) Plato

**Q24. What is the meaning of vorbild?**

- (a) Variable law
- (b) Relative law
- (c) Just law
- (d) Morality of law

**Q25. Which of the following cases is an example of precedent sub-silentio?**

- (a) Bengal Immunity Company v. State of Bihar

- (b) Boys v. Chaplin
- (c) Gerad v. Worth of Paris Limited
- (d) Re Delhi Laws Act case

**Q26. In which of the following cases it was held that custom is jus-non-scriptum?**

- (a) Bengal Immunity Company v. State of Bihar
- (b) Tanistry Case
- (c) Gerad v. Worth of Paris Limited
- (d) Re Delhi Laws Act case

**Q27. Who amongst the following is not an exponent of the Will Theory of Rights?**

- (a) Kant
- (b) Austin
- (c) Holmes
- (d) Salmon

**Q28. What seeks to maintain the present position of a person?**

- (a) Real rights
- (b) Negative rights

- (c) Positive rights
- (d) Private rights

**Q29. Complete the following**

- a) Personal right
- b) Jus in re aliena
- c) Proprietary right
- d) Right in personam

**Q30. Which one of the following is a self regarding duty?**

- (a) Duty not to consume drugs
- (b) Duty to help animals in need
- (c) Duty not to commit nuisance
- (d) Duty towards sovereign

**Q31. The idea of 'Single Citizenship' taken from which country?**

- (a) Britain
- (b) Canada
- (c) South Africa
- (d) United States of America

**Q32. Which Union territory send their**



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**members to the Council of States?**

- (a) Pondicherry and Chandigarh
- (b) Delhi and Andaman & Nicobar Islands
- (c) Lakshadweep and Delhi
- (d) Delhi and Pondicherry

**Q33. Who remarked “The  
preamble of the  
constitution is the  
horoscope of Indian  
Republic”?**

- (a) K. M. Munshi
- (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (c) B.R.Ambedkar
- (d) Mahatma Gandhi

**Q34. Shadow Cabinet is the feature of Administrative system of**

- (a) Japan
- (b) Britain
- (c) USA
- (d) France

**Q35. The emergency provisions of the Constitution of India have been borrowed from**

- a) German Constitution
- b) American Constitution
- c) French Constitution
- d) Irish Constitution

**Q36. Who was the chairman of the Minorities Committee?**

- a. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- b. Durga Das Basu
- c. Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar
- d. Syed Ghayorul Hasan Rizvi

**Q37. Which of the**

**Sections of the**

**Aadhar Act were**

**stuck down?**

- (a) 33(2) & 47
- (b) 55, 46 & 33(2)
- (c) 33(2), 47 & 57
- (d) 22, 32 & 37

**Q38. Under which of the following Articles, the Supreme Court directed that rules will be framed for live-streaming of court proceedings?**

- (a) Article 32
- (b) Article 226
- (c) Article 124
- (d) Article 145

**Q39. In which of the following cases the Supreme court condemned incidents of lynching and mob violence?**

- (a) Tehseen S. Poonawalla V. Union of India &Ors.
- (b) Arjun Gopal &Ors. V. Union of India &Ors.
- (c) S. Nambi Narayanan V. Siby Mathews &Ors.
- (d) Mallikarjun Kodagali (Dead) ... vs The State Of Karnataka

**Q40. The Supreme court struck down which section of the UP Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act in Lok Prahari V. State of Uttar Pradesh &Ors.]**

- (a) Section 3(4)
- (b) Section 4 (3)
- (c) Section 2(4)
- (d) Section 14

**Q41. Who of the following was elected President of India unianimously?**

- (a) Dr. S. Radha Krishan
- (b) V.V. Giri
- (c) N. Sanjiva Reddy
- (d) GyaniZail Singh

**Q42. The Cabinet Government is also known as:**

- a. Federal Government
- b. Responsible government
- c. Absolute government
- d. Cabinet Government



**Q43. The Comptroller and Auditor General acts as the friend, philosopher and guide of**

- (a) The Estimates Committee
- (b) Committee on Public Understandings
- (c) The Public Accounts Committee
- (d) All of the above

**Q44. The pension of the Judge of the High Court is charged to:**

- (a) The Consolidated Fund of the State where he last served
- (b) The Contingency Fund of India
- (c) The Consolidated Fund of India
- (d) None of these funds

**Q45. A writ of quo warranto is issued against a person who:**

- (a) Has violated the principles of natural justice.
- (b) Is a judicial officer of a subordinate court
- (c) Is usurper of a public officer
- (d) Has a right claim to a public office

**Q46. Which of the following is contained in the Concurrent List?**

- (a) Forests
- (b) Education
- (c) Police

(d) Agriculture

(c) 126

(d) 127

**Q47. 'Hicklin Test' under Article 19(2) is related to**

- (a) Decency and morality
- (b) Defamation
- (c) Integration
- (d) None of the above

**Q50. Which Article in the Constitution of India relates to subject- matter of laws made by Parliament to give effect to treaties and international agreements?**

- (a) Article 247
- (b) Article 246
- (c) Article 254
- (d) Article 253

**Q48. Which of the following Amendments Act of the Constitution provided for the appointment of one person as Governor of two or more states?**

- (a) 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment
- (b) 3<sup>rd</sup> Amendment
- (c) 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment
- (d) 7<sup>th</sup> Amendment

**Q49. The Supreme Court of India has been established under Article:**

- (a) 124
- (b) 125

**ANSWER KEY**

QUESTION NO	OPTIONS
1	C
2	C
3	D
4	A
5	A
6	B
7	C
8	D
9	D
10	C
11	D
12	C
13	D
14	A
15	D
16	D



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17	B
18	A
19	B
20	B
21	B
22	C
23	C
24	B
25	C
26	B
27	C
28	A
29	B
30	A
31	A
32	A
33	A
34	D
35	A
36	D
37	C
38	D
39	C
40	B
41	C
42	B
43	C
44	C
45	C
46	D
47	A
48	D
49	A
50	D